Highland Joint School District No. 305

Year Ended June 30, 2025

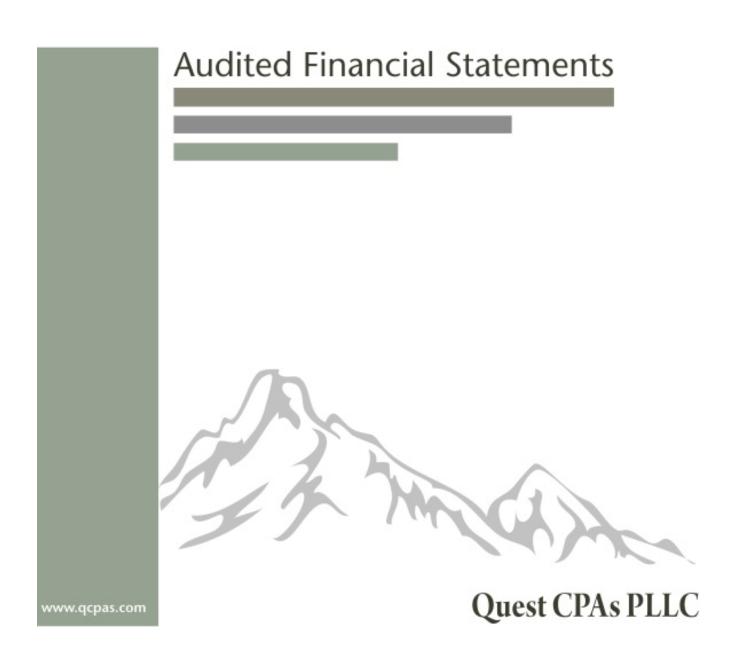


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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Highland Joint School District No. 305

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Highland Joint School District No. 305 (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on All Other Opinion Units Described Below

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of employer's share of net pension asset and liability and schedule of employer contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 4, 2025, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho August 4, 2025

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$1,696,417
Receivables:	
Local Sources	179,445
State Sources	2,340,209
Federal Sources	28,695
Total Current Assets	4,244,766
Noncurrent Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	75,000
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	1,027,836
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,102,836
Total Assets	5,347,602
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Items	548,546
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	548,546
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$5,896,148
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$73,618
Salaries & Benefits Payable	374,768
Unspent Grant Allocation	2,254,271
Total Current Liabilities	2,702,657
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Liabilities, Noncurrent	1,525,307
Total Liabilities	4,227,964
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Items	27,687
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	27,687
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,255,651
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,102,836
Restricted:	
Special Programs	199,336
Capital Projects	989,651
Unrestricted	(651,326)
Total Net Position	1,640,497
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$5,896,148

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2025

			_		Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in
			Program Revenues		Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	\$959,880		\$144,904		(\$814,976)
Secondary School	627,345	\$1,675	38,859		(586,811)
Alternative School	0				0
Special Education	126,174		47,565		(78,609)
Special Education Preschool	2,426		2,426		0
Gifted & Talented	0				0
Interscholastic	74,678				(74,678)
School Activity	12,738				(12,738)
Support Service Programs					
Attendance - Guidance - Health	109,499				(109,499)
Special Education Support Services	87,487		26,910		(60,577)
Instruction Improvement	24,105		9,463		(14,642)
Educational Media	33,147				(33,147)
Instruction-Related Technology	127,994		10,958		(117,036)
Board of Education	35,206				(35,206)
District Administration	170,519				(170,519)
School Administration	200,665				(200,665)
Business Operation	145,665				(145,665)
Buildings - Care	180,289		17,475		(162,814)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	114,474		179		(114,295)
Maintenance - Grounds	28,850				(28,850)
Security	3,805				(3,805)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	372,989				(372,989)
Pupil-Activity Transportation	22,288				(22,288)
General Transportation	3,698				(3,698)
Non-Instructional Programs					, ,
Child Nutrition	123,437	18,125	63,637		(41,675)
Community Services	0				0
Student Activity	113,655	133,393			19,738
Capital Assets	49,441				(49,441)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Total	\$3,750,454	\$153,193	\$362,376	\$0	(3,234,885)
	General Revenues				
	Local Taxes				457,670
	Other Local Rever	nues			195,598
	State Revenues				3,543,376
	Federal Revenues				0
	Pension Revenue (Expense)			(506,694)
	Total	. 1			3,689,950
	Change in Net Posi	tion			455,065
	Net Position - Begin	ıning			1,185,432
	Net Position - Endi	ng			\$1,640,497

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	General Fund	State Special Projects Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Plant Facilities Fund
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$498,715	\$3,725	\$8,032	\$198,863
Receivables:				
Local Sources	163,494			15,951
State Sources	87,938	2,252,271		
Federal Sources			9	
Due From Other Funds	9,136			
Total Assets	\$759,283	\$2,255,996	\$8,041	\$214,814
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$69,022			\$3,069
Due To Other Funds	***,*			¥-,
Salaries & Benefits Payable	341,606		\$8,041	
Unspent Grant Allocation		\$2,252,271		
Total Liabilities	410,628	2,252,271	8,041	3,069
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues	39,100			4,467
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	39,100		0	4,467
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs		3,725		
Capital Projects				207,278
Unassigned	309,555			
Total Fund Balances	309,555	3,725	0	207,278
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	Ф Л .ГО О ОО	#2.255 005	00.041	#214014
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$759,283	\$2,255,996	\$8,041	\$214,814

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	School District Modernization Facilities Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash & Investments	\$782,373	\$204,709	\$1,696,417
Receivables:			
Local Sources		0	179,445
State Sources		0	2,340,209
Federal Sources		28,686	28,695
Due From Other Funds		0	9,136
Total Assets	\$782,373	\$233,395	\$4,253,902
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		\$1,527	\$73,618
Due To Other Funds		9,136	9,136
Salaries & Benefits Payable		25,121	374,768
Unspent Grant Allocation		2,000	2,254,271
Total Liabilities	\$0	37,784	2,711,793
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable Tax Revenues		0	43,567
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	43,567
Fund Balances			
Restricted:			
Special Programs		195,611	199,336
Capital Projects	782,373	0	989,651
Unassigned	, , , , ,	0	309,555
Total Fund Balances	782,373	195,611	1,498,542
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows			, ,
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$782,373	\$233,395	\$4,253,902

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$1,498,542
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,102,836
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	43,567
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,525,307)
Pension deferred outflows/inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	520,859
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$1,640,497

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	State Special	Child Nutrition	Plant Facilities
Revenues	runa	Projects Fund	Fund	Fund
Local Taxes	\$408,424			\$48,237
Other Local Revenue			¢10 125	
State Revenue	179,419		\$18,125	9,895
	2,776,703		(2 (27	
Federal Revenue	2 264 546	<u> </u>	63,637	58,132
Total Revenues	3,364,546	\$0	81,762	38,132
Expenditures Instructional Programs				
	0(2.200			
Elementary School	963,309			
Secondary School	695,931			
Alternative School	70.600			
Special Education	78,609			
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented	74.670			
Interscholastic	74,678			
School Activity	12,738			
Support Service Programs	100 400			
Attendance - Guidance - Health	109,499			
Special Education Support Services	53,963			
Instruction Improvement	14,642			
Educational Media	33,147			
Instruction-Related Technology	139,461			
Board of Education	35,206			
District Administration	170,519			
School Administration	200,665			
Business Operation	145,665			
Buildings - Care	180,289			
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	87,554			35,742
Maintenance - Grounds	28,850			22,222
Security		16,137		
Pupil-To-School Transportation	372,989			
Pupil-Activity Transportation	22,288			
General Transportation	3,698			
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition			123,437	
Community Services				
Student Activity				
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Total Expenditures	3,423,700	16,137	123,437	57,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(59,154)	(16,137)	(41,675)	168
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			41,675	
Transfers Out	(48,289)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(48,289)	0 (16.125)	41,675	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(107,443)	(16,137)	0	168
Fund Balances - Beginning	416,998	19,862	0	207,110
Fund Balances - Ending	\$309,555	\$3,725	\$0	\$207,278

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	School District Modernization Facilities Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Local Taxes		\$0	\$456,661
Other Local Revenue	\$15,700	136,152	359,291
State Revenue	766,673	0	3,543,376
Federal Revenue	,	288,239	351,876
Total Revenues	782,373	424,391	4,711,204
Expenditures			
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School		144,904	1,108,213
Secondary School		28,359	724,290
Alternative School		0	0
Special Education		47,565	126,174
Special Education Preschool		2,426	2,426
Gifted & Talented		0	0
Interscholastic		0	74,678
School Activity		0	12,738
Support Service Programs		· ·	12,730
Attendance - Guidance - Health		0	109,499
Special Education Support Services		33,524	87,487
Instruction Improvement		9,463	24,105
Educational Media		0	33,147
Instruction-Related Technology		10,958	150,419
Board of Education		0	35,206
District Administration		0	170,519
School Administration		0	200,665
Business Operation		0	145,665
Buildings - Care		17,475	197,764
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied		0	0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment		0	123,296
Maintenance - Grounds		0	51,072
Security		0	16,137
Pupil-To-School Transportation		0	372,989
Pupil-Activity Transportation		0	22,288
General Transportation		0	3,698
Non-Instructional Programs		· ·	3,070
Child Nutrition		0	123,437
Community Services		0	0
Student Activity		113,655	113,655
Capital Assets		0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied		0	0
Total Expenditures	0	408,329	4,029,567
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	782,373	16,062	681,637
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	, ,	-,	,
Transfers In		6,614	48,289
Transfers Out		0	(48,289)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	6,614	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	782,373	22,676	681,637
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	172,935	816,905
Fund Balances - Ending	\$782,373	\$195,611	\$1,498,542
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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$681,637

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or allocated over the appropriate term as amortization expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation/amortization expense in the current period.

33,835

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds.

1,009

Changes in net pension asset/liability and related pension deferred outflows/inflows do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.

(261,416)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$455,065

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2025

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$21,502
Total Assets	\$21,502
Net Position	
Restricted:	
Held in Trust	\$21,502
Total Net Position	\$21,502

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Private Purpose
	Trust Funds
Additions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Contributions	\$600
Investment Income (Loss)	874
Total Additions	1,474
Deductions	
Trust Expenses	500
Total Deductions	500
Change in Net Position	974
Net Position - Beginning	20,528
Net Position - Ending	\$21,502

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – Highland Joint School District No. 305 (the School) provides public school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code. The School's boundaries for taxing and school enrollment purposes are located within Lewis, Idaho, and Nez Perce Counties.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to school districts. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements</u> - The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the state special projects fund, which serves to account for the School's special projects, and the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets. Major capital project funds include the plant facilities fund, used to account for the maintenance of facilities and other capital assets, and the school district modernization facilities fund, used to account for school facility construction, renovation, and maintenance needs.

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds of the School include:

Private Purpose Trust Funds – Private purpose trust funds are used to account for the assets, and related income producing and disbursement activities, for which the School acts as trustee.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's respective investment balance. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants.

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$2,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of all depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

<u>Leases/SBITAs and Amortization</u> — Material long-term leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB 87 *Leases* and GASB 96 *SBITAs*. When incurred, amortization over the appropriate lease or SBITA term is recorded using the straight-line method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded. Compensated absences will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis. Other post-employment benefits will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability and pension revenue/expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pension obligations will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – The School's financial statements may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources generally represent amounts that are not available in the current period.

<u>Net Position</u> – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those

Notes to Financial Statements

assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u> – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Property Taxes</u> – The School is responsible for levying property taxes, but the taxes are collected by the respective county. Taxes are levied by the second Monday in September for each calendar year. Taxes are due in two installments – December 20th and June 20th. A lien is filed on real property three years from the date of delinquency.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Cash - Deposits	\$95,376	\$2,775	\$98,151
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	1,601,041	18,727	1,619,768
Total	\$1,696,417	\$21,502	\$1,717,919

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$98,151 and the bank balances were \$100,301. The bank balances were insured.

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

	investment	investment maturity		
	Schedule (I	n Years)		
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total		
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,619,768	\$1,619,768		
Total	\$1,619,768	\$1,619,768		

Credit rate risk:

	Investment Ra	Investment Rating Schedule	
Investment Type	Not Rated	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,619,768	\$1,619,768	
Total	\$1,619,768	\$1,619,768	

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local

Investment Meturity

Notes to Financial Statements

governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Local Sources				
Other Local Sources	\$17,104			\$17,104
Local Taxes	146,390		\$15,951	162,341
Total	\$163,494		\$15,951	\$179,445
State Sources				
Foundation Program	\$87,938			\$87,938
Special Programs		\$2,252,271		2,252,271
Total	\$87,938	\$2,252,271		\$2,340,209
Federal Sources				
Special Programs		\$28,695		\$28,695
Total		\$28,695		\$28,695

Notes to Financial Statements

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$75,000			\$75,000
Total	75,000	\$0	\$0	75,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	2,136,271	60,851		2,197,122
Equipment	477,525	22,425		499,950
Subtotal	2,613,796	83,276	0	2,697,072
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	1,218,801	27,252		1,246,053
Equipment	400,994	22,189		423,183
Subtotal	1,619,795	49,441	0	1,669,236
Total	994,001	33,835	0	1,027,836
Net Capital Assets	\$1,069,001	\$33,835	\$0	\$1,102,836

Depreciation expense of \$49,441 was charged to the capital program.

E. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities are as follows:

Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Net Pension Liability	\$1,544,880		\$19,573	\$1,525,307	
Total	\$1,544,880	\$0	\$19,573	\$1,525,307	\$0

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and employer contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 74% for public safety. As of June 30, 2024 it was 6.71% for general employees and 9.83% for public safety. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.18% for general employees and 13.26% for public safety. The School's contributions were \$245,278 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Pension asset/liabilities, pension revenue (expense), and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2025, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2024, the School's proportion was 0.04077659%.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$506,694). At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De fe rre d	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$242,843	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	60,425	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		\$27,687
investments		Φ27,007
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	245,278	
Total	\$548,546	\$27,687

\$245,278 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the pension revenue (expense) in the year ending June 30, 2026.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2023 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2024 is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/26	(\$75,283)
6/30/27	(284,398)
6/30/28	49,044
6/30/29	35,056_
Total	(\$275,581)

Actuarial assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expenses	6.35%
Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments	1.00%

Contributing members, service retirement members, and beneficiaries

General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Males	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%
General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Females	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
Teachers - Males	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
Teachers - Females	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Males	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Females	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
	5% of Fire & Police active member deaths are
	assumed to be duty related. This assumption was
	adopted July 1, 2021.
Disabled Members - Males	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%
Disabled Members - Females	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2024.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0%	0.00%
Large Cap	18%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11%	4.70%
International Equity	15%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20%	-0.25%
TIPS	10%	-0.30%
Real Estate	8%	3.75%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.35%)	(6.35%)	(7.35%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,898,559	\$1,525,307	\$403,711

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impact on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net

Notes to Financial Statements

pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan when deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due Fron	Due From Fund	
	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	
	Governmental	Total	
Due To Fund			
General	\$9,136	\$9,136	
Total	\$9,136	\$9,136	

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Purpose
General		\$48,289	Support
Child Nutrition	\$41,675		Support
Nonmajor Governmental	6,614		Support
Total	\$48,289	\$48,289	

H. TAX ABATEMENTS

Idaho counties are authorized by state statute to transact certain property tax activity with property owners in their respective taxing districts. The counties collect the property taxes, then allocate and remit those collections among the taxing districts within the counties. The counties are authorized to cancel or reduce property taxes due to various reasons, including the circuit breaker program, agricultural and other exemptions, and section 63-602NN exemptions under Idaho code for real property improvements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted A (GAAP B		Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)
General Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$507,107	\$507,107	\$408,424	(\$98,683)
Other Local Revenue	115,907	115,907	179,419	63,512
State Revenue	2,603,260	2,603,260	2,776,703	173,443
Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	3,226,274	3,226,274	3,364,546	138,272
Expenditures			_	
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	907,281	896,096	963,309	(67,213)
Secondary School	697,728	686,728	695,931	(9,203)
Alternative School	0	0	0	0
Special Education	96,779	96,779	78,609	18,170
Special Education Preschool	1,000	1,000	0	1,000
Gifted & Talented	0	0	0	0
Interscholastic	98,711	98,711	74,678	24,033
School Activity	13,513	13,513	12,738	775
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	115,343	115,343	109,499	5,844
Special Education Support Services	11,950	11,950	53,963	(42,013)
Instruction Improvement	18,700	18,700	14,642	4,058
Educational Media	37,080	37,080	33,147	3,933
Instruction-Related Technology	91,861	91,861	139,461	(47,600)
Board of Education	36,405	36,405	35,206	1,199
District Administration	170,292	170,292	170,519	(227)
School Administration	208,353	208,353	200,665	7,688
Business Operation	140,433	140,433	145,665	(5,232)
Buildings - Care	179,822	179,109	180,289	(1,180)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	86,025	86,025	87,554	(1,529)
Maintenance - Grounds	29,971	29,971	28,850	1,121
Security	4,210	4,210	0	4,210
Pupil-To-School Transportation	380,000	380,000	372,989	7,011
Pupil-Activity Transportation	20,000	20,000	22,288	(2,288)
General Transportation	5,000	5,000	3,698	1,302
Non-Instructional Programs	-,	- /	-,	,
Child Nutrition	0	0	0	0
Community Services	0	0	0	0
Student Activity	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets	177,560	177,560	0	177,560
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	3,528,017	3,505,119	3,423,700	81,419 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(301,743)	(278,845)	(59,154)	219,691
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(501,7.15)	(270,010)	(65,151)	217,071
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(23,257)	(46,155)	(48,289)	(2,134) *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,257)	(46,155)	(48,289)	(2,134)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(325,000)	(325,000)	(107,443)	217,557
Fund Balances - Beginning	325,000	325,000	416,998	91,998
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$309,555	\$309,555
g	40	Ψ	4007,000	4007,000
	*Total expenditures (over) under appropr	iations are:	\$79,285

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted A	mounts		Final Budget Variance
	(GAAP B	asis)	Actual	Positive
Child Nutrition Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Other Local Revenue	\$18,200	\$18,500	\$18,125	(\$375)
Federal Revenue	62,000	62,000	63,637	1,637
Total Revenues	80,200	80,500	81,762	1,262
Expenditures				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	99,107	121,592	123,437	(1,845)
Total Expenditures	99,107	121,592	123,437	(1,845) *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			<u> </u>	
Over Expenditures	(18,907)	(41,092)	(41,675)	(583)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		. , ,	, , ,	, ,
Transfers In	18,907	41,092	41,675	583
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	18,907	41,092	41,675	583
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	*Total expenditures (over) under appropi	riations are:	(\$1,845)

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Asset and Liability and Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Asset and Liability*

				Employer's	_
				Proportional	
				Share of the	Plan Fiduciary
		Employer's		Net Pension	Net Position
	Employer's	Proportionate		(Asset) Liability	as a Percentage
Fiscal Year	Portion of the	Share of the		as a Percentage	of the Total
Ended	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	of Covered	Pension
June 30	(Asset) Liability	(Asset) Liability	Payroll	Payroll	(Asset) Liability
2016	0.04254200%	\$560,209	\$1,222,739	45.82%	91.38%
2017	0.04180740%	\$847,500	\$1,282,312	66.09%	87.26%
2018	0.04128600%	\$648,945	\$1,365,466	47.53%	90.68%
2019	0.04232110%	\$624,244	\$1,376,296	45.36%	91.69%
2020	0.04046000%	\$461,840	\$1,376,296	33.56%	93.79%
2021	0.03910000%	\$907,954	\$1,392,303	65.21%	88.22%
2022	0.03917819%	(\$30,942)	\$1,462,077	-2.12%	100.36%
2023	0.03922737%	\$1,545,071	\$1,546,910	99.88%	83.09%
2024	0.03871230%	\$1,544,880	\$1,646,013	93.86%	83.83%
2025	0.04077659%	\$1,525,307	\$1,883,830	80.97%	85.54%

^{*}As of the measurement date of the net pension (asset) liability.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$139,149	\$139,149	\$0	\$1,191,590	11.68%
2017	\$138,414	\$138,414	\$0	\$1,282,312	10.79%
2018	\$154,571	\$154,571	\$0	\$1,365,466	11.32%
2019	\$157,738	\$157,738	\$0	\$1,376,296	11.46%
2020	\$166,241	\$166,241	\$0	\$1,392,303	11.94%
2021	\$174,572	\$174,572	\$0	\$1,462,077	11.94%
2022	\$184,701	\$184,701	\$0	\$1,546,910	11.94%
2023	\$196,534	\$196,534	\$0	\$1,646,013	11.94%
2024	\$239,058	\$239,058	\$0	\$1,883,830	12.69%
2025	\$245,278	\$245,278	\$0	\$1,819,570	13.48%

Schedules above intended to show information for 10 years. Information for additional years will be presented as it becomes available.

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Forest Reserve	Student Activity	ESSER III	Title I-A ESSA IBP
Assets				
Cash & Investments Receivables:	\$62,655	\$132,956		\$102
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources				9,910
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	\$62,655	\$132,956	\$0	\$10,012
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds				
Salaries & Benefits Payable				\$10,012
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	10,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Tax Revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0		0
Total Deserted Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>		0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	62,655	132,956		
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	62,655	132,956	0	0
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		***	. -	
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$62,655	\$132,956	\$0	\$10,012

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds				
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE	
Assets	Age 3-21	Age 3-3	Medicalu	35 & AE	
Cash & Investments	\$8,576				
Receivables:	40,2.0				
Local Sources					
State Sources					
Federal Sources	2,800	\$461	\$4,713	\$1,861	
Due From Other Funds					
Total Assets	\$11,376	\$461	\$4,713	\$1,861	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable			\$1,527		
Due To Other Funds		\$83	3,186	\$217	
Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$9,376	378		1,644	
Unspent Grant Allocation	2,000				
Total Liabilities	11,376	461	4,713	1,861	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Special Programs					
Capital Projects					
Unassigned	·				
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$11,376	\$461	\$4,713	\$1,861	

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	Spe			
	Title V-B	Title II-A		
	ESSA	ESSA	COPS	
	REI	SEI	Grant	Total
Assets				
Cash & Investments		\$420		\$204,709
Receivables:				
Local Sources				0
State Sources				0
Federal Sources	\$8,232	709		28,686
Due From Other Funds				0
Total Assets	\$8,232	\$1,129	\$0	\$233,395
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				\$1,527
Due To Other Funds	\$5,650			9,136
Salaries & Benefits Payable	2,582	\$1,129		25,121
Unspent Grant Allocation				2,000
Total Liabilities	8,232	1,129	\$0	37,784
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
				_
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				195,611
Capital Projects				0
Unassigned				0
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	195,611
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$8,232	\$1,129	\$0	\$233,395
· ·				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Forest Reserve	Student Activity	ESSER III	Title I-A ESSA IBP
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue	\$2,759	\$133,393		
State Revenue	•	ŕ		
Federal Revenue	179		\$99,766	\$59,868
Total Revenues	2,938	133,393	99,766	59,868
Expenditures				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School			53,932	59,868
Secondary School			28,359	
Alternative School				
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented				
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services				
Instruction Improvement				
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care			17,475	
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
General Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Community Services				
Student Activity		113,655		
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Total Expenditures	0	113,655	99,766	59,868
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	2,938	19,738	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,938	19,738	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	59,717	113,218	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$62,655	\$132,956	\$0	\$0

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Special Reve	nue Funds	
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE
Revenues				55 64 112
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$47,565	\$2,426	\$26,910	\$10,000
Total Revenues	47,565	2,426	26,910	10,000
Expenditures	,,,,,,,		20,710	10,000
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				10,000
Secondary School				10,000
Alternative School				
Special Education	47,565			
Special Education Preschool	. ,	2,426		
Gifted & Talented		,		
Interscholastic				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services			33,524	
Instruction Improvement				
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
General Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Community Services				
Student Activity				
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Total Expenditures	47,565	2,426	33,524	10,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	(6,614)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			6,614	
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	6,614	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	\$0

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Title V-B	Title II-A			
	ESSA	ESSA	COPS		
	REI	SEI	Grant	Total	
Revenues					
Local Taxes				\$0	
Other Local Revenue				136,152	
State Revenue				0	
Federal Revenue	\$21,104	\$9,463	\$10,958	288,239	
Total Revenues	21,104	9,463	10,958	424,391	
Expenditures					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	21,104			144,904	
Secondary School				28,359	
Alternative School				0	
Special Education				47,565	
Special Education Preschool				2,426	
Gifted & Talented				0	
Interscholastic				0	
School Activity				0	
Support Service Programs					
Attendance - Guidance - Health				0	
Special Education Support Services				33,524	
Instruction Improvement		9,463		9,463	
Educational Media		,		0	
Instruction-Related Technology			10,958	10,958	
Board of Education			,	0	
District Administration				0	
School Administration				0	
Business Operation				0	
Buildings - Care				17,475	
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				0	
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				0	
Maintenance - Grounds				0	
Security				0	
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0	
Pupil-Activity Transportation				0	
General Transportation				0	
Non-Instructional Programs				O	
Child Nutrition				0	
Community Services				0	
Student Activity				113,655	
Capital Assets				0	
Capital Assets Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				0	
Total Expenditures	21,104	9,463	10,958	408,329	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	21,104	9,403	10,938	400,329	
	0	0	0	16.062	
Over Expenditures	0	U	U	16,062	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				6.614	
Transfers In				6,614	
Transfers Out				0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0 -	6,614	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	22,676	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	172,935	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$195,611	



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Highland Joint School District No. 305

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Highland Joint School District No. 305 (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2025. In our report, we expressed a qualified opinion on the governmental activities as management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho August 4, 2025